

FAITH-BASED ORGANIZATIONS SECTOR TELEBRIEFING

County of San Diego

Last Updated: 12/1/2021



WHEN IS THE NEXT TELEBRIEFING?



Faith-Based Telebriefings: 1st Wednesdays of the Month Next telebriefing: January 5, 2022 | 1pm-2pm January 2022



Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
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2	3	4	5 FBO Tele	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20	21	22
23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	31					



Agenda:

- Welcome & Announcements
- Medical Updates
- Reopening Updates
- National Alliance on Mental Illness
 Presentation
- Q&A
- Closing

Our Speakers:



MAYA SHAHAR
Community Health Promotion
Specialist - Community &
Faith-Based Organizations
Sector



ALLISON HIRAHARA

Community Health Promotion
Specialist - Community &
Faith-Based Organizations
Sector



GARY JOHNSTON
Chief Resilience Officer, County
COVID-19 Response Incident
Commander, COVID-19
Reopening Lead



JENNIFER M. TUTEUR, MD

County of San Diego

Deputy Chief Medical Officer



SUZETTE SOUTHFOX
Director of Education
National Alliance on Mental Illness
(NAMI) San Diego

Welcome to the Faith-Based Organizations Telebriefing



A few reminders before we begin:



This telebriefing is being recorded.



Your lines are muted.



Please enter your questions in the Q&A Box and your comments in the chat box.



You can email us at:

<u>COVID-CBO-</u>

<u>FAITH@sdcounty.ca.gov</u>



ANNOUNCEMENTS



MISINFORMATION TOOLKIT

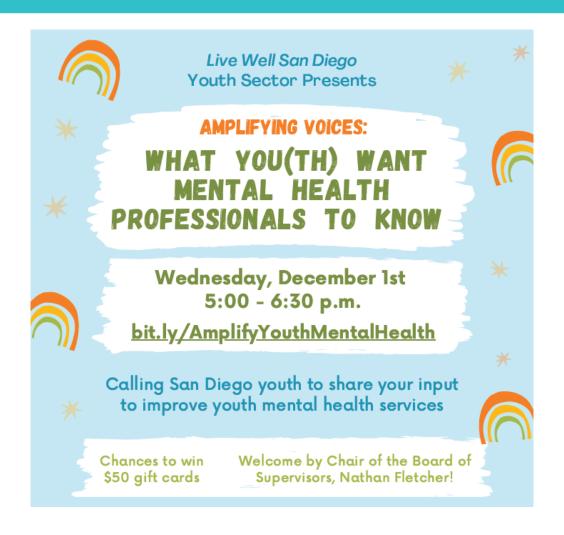




Click for the **toolkit** & share the **tweet** with your communities!

AMPLIFYING YOUTH VOICES





MATERNAL & INFANT HEALTH FOCUS GROUP OPPORTUNITY

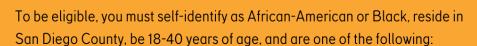


HELP RAISE AWARENESS ABOUT AFRICAN-AMERICAN MATERNAL AND INFANT HEALTH



The San Diego County Perinatal Equity Initiative invites you to participate in a 30 minute focus group about a maternal and infant health media campaign.

Receive a \$50 gift card for participating



- A woman who is currently not pregnant and has never had a baby
- A man whose partner will have a baby within 9 months or had a baby within the last 2 years



Email Tasha.Lewis@sdcounty.ca.gov if you are interested or have questions







SHIGELLA FACT SHEET





SHIGELLA

Highly contagious diarrheal illness





SHIGELLA CAUSES DIARRHEA, FEVER, AND STOMACH PAIN

Shigella is a germ that spreads easily and causes:



- Diarrhea (may be bloody)
- Fever
- Stomach pain
- Dehydration (e.g., dry mouth, dark yellow urine, dizziness)



CONTACT A
HEALTHCARE
PROVIDER FOR
TESTING &
TREATMENT IF YOU
THINK YOU MAY
HAVE SHIGELLA.

HOW SHIGELLA SPREADS

Shigella germs can spread through tiny, invisible bits of poop (stool) that people touch and then accidentally ingest. These germs can also contaminate food and water. **This can happen when someone has** Shigella and:



Doesn't wash their hands after using the toilet.



Prepares food for others.



Contaminates water.



Has sex.



MEDICAL UPDATES

JENNIFER M. TUTEUR, MD, FAAFP

DEPUTY CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER

MEDICAL CARE SERVICES DIVISION

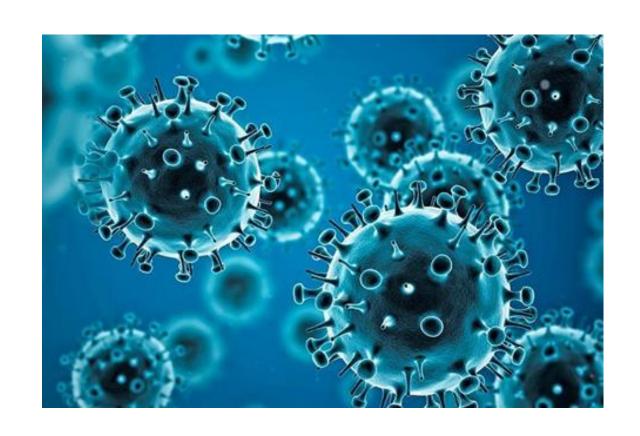
COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES AGENCY



OMICRON VARIANT



- On November 26, 2021, the World Health Organization classified a new variant, B.1.1.529, as a Variant of Concern and named it Omicron.
- The first case of this variant was identified in CA today (12/1).
- The CDC, WHO, and other global public health partners are working to learn more about the variant and monitor its spread.



CDC Statement on the Omicron Variant

WHO: Omicron, Variant of Concern

OMICRON VARIANT



WHAT WE KNOW: How to prevent the spread of COVID-19

- Get fully vaccinated if you are 5 years and older
- Get a booster dose if you are 18 years and older
- Wear a well-fitting mask
- Wash your hands frequently
- Physically distance from others

WHAT WE DON'T KNOW (YET):

- The effectiveness of the vaccines for preventing cases, hospitalizations, and deaths from the Omicron variant
- The effectiveness of monoclonal antibodies to treat and prevent COVID-19
- How effectively the variant spreads
- The severity of COVID-19 symptoms

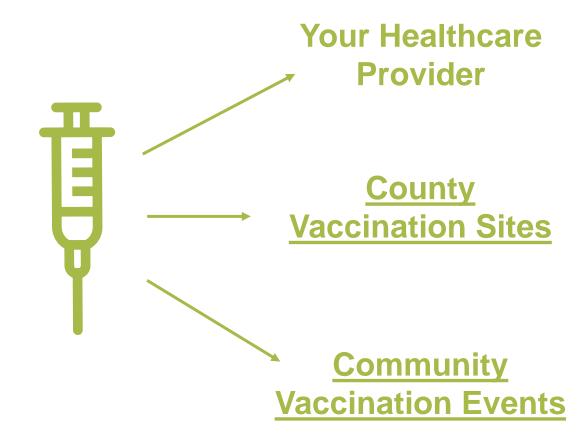
TESTING & VACCINATION IN SAN DIEGO COUNTY



TESTING

Your Healthcare Provider COVID-19 County **Testing Sites Community Testing Events**

VACCINATION



COVID-19 VACCINE ELIGIBILITY









First 2 doses:

Anyone ages 5 and older

First 2 doses:

Anyone ages 18 and older

First dose:

Anyone ages 18 and older

Booster dose:

Anyone ages 18+ who received the second dose at least 6 months ago **should** get a booster

Booster dose:

Anyone ages 18+ who received the second dose at least 6 months ago **should** get a booster

Booster dose:

Anyone ages 18+ who received the first dose at least 2 months ago should get a booster

BOOSTERS FOR 16-17 YEAR OLDS



New York Times: Pfizer to Seek Approval for Boosters for 16- and 17-Year-Olds



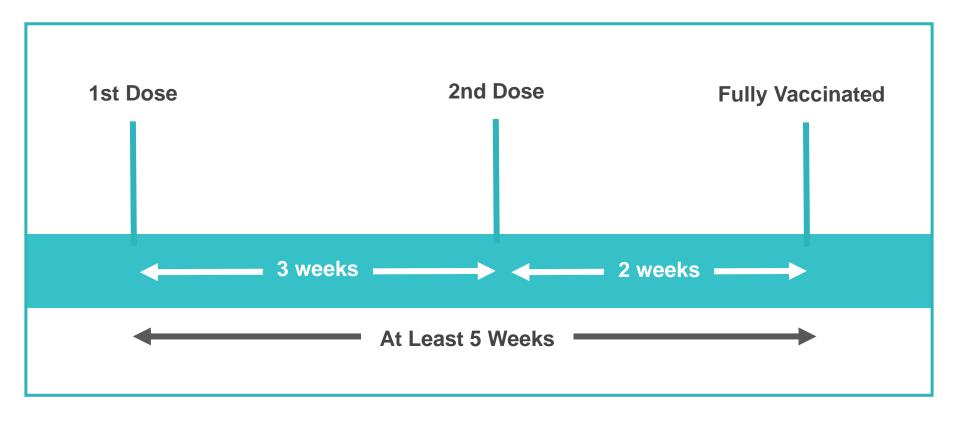
- This week, Pfizer is expected to apply for approval for a booster dose for 16- and 17-year-olds.
 - If approved, this would be the first booster available for people under 18 years old.
- The FDA could authorize the booster within roughly a week.

COVD-19 VACCINE FOR 5-11 YEAR OLDS



The Pfizer vaccine is a 2-dose series given 3 weeks apart. Children are considered fully vaccinated 2 weeks after they get the second vaccine dose.

Keep this timeline in mind if you are planning to vaccinate your children before the holidays!



VACCINATING CHILDREN REDUCES THEIR RISK



Estimated benefits for every million Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 vaccinations in children 5-11 years of age using recent incidence

Females 5-11 years

57,301 COVID-19 cases prevented



191 hospitalizations prevented



130 MIS-C cases prevented



60 ICU admissions prevented

Males 5-11 years



56,954 COVID-19 cases prevented



226 hospitalizations prevented



130 MIS-C cases prevented



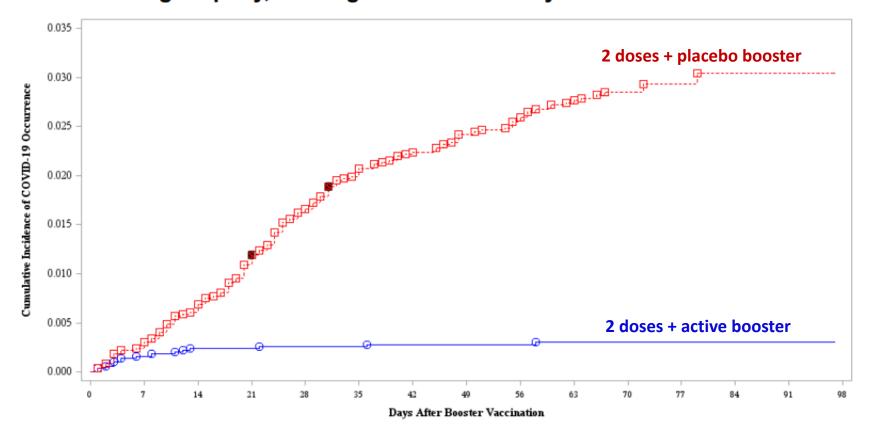
72 ICU admissions prevented

Assumptions: Benefits accrue over 180 days (6 months); VE against symptomatic COVID-19: 90%; VE against hospitalization: 95% Data Sources: COVID Data Tracker. https://covid.cdc.gov/covid-data-tracker/#vaccinationdemographic. COVID Data Tracker https://covid.cdc.gov/coviddata-tracker/#trends_dailycases. COVID-Net https://gis.cdc.gov/grasp/COVIDNet/COVID19 3.html. All data are from the week ending on 9/11/2021.

EFFICACY OF THE PFIZER BOOSTER



Cumulative Incidence Curve for First COVID-19 Occurrence After Booster Vaccination – All Available Efficacy Population Curves diverge rapidly, starting even before 7 days after booster



COVID-19 CASE RATE BY VACCINATION STATUS



Case rate for not fully vaccinated residents is 3 times higher than fully vaccinated residents

1 times higher than fully vaccinated residents

23.9

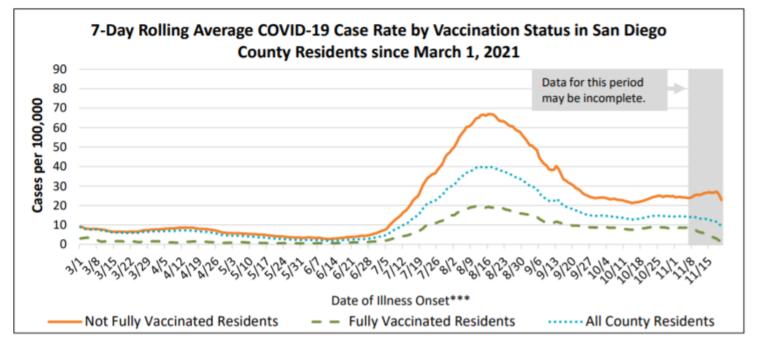
Average Daily Cases per 100,000

(7-day average with 14-day lag: 10/31/2021–11/6/2021)

Fully Vaccinated**

County Overall

14.2



^{*}Not fully vaccinated includes individuals with one dose of the two-dose series, no doses, or unknown vaccination status. Individuals less than 12 years of age who are not yet eligible for the vaccine are also included.

For more information see the <u>COVID-19 Watch</u> and the <u>Summary of Cases by Vaccination Status</u>. Prepared by the County of San Diego. Data through 11/20/2021, updated 11/24/2021.

^{**}Cases who first tested positive (based on specimen collection date) greater than or equal to 14 days after receiving the final dose of COVID-19 vaccine.

^{***}If case did not have symptoms or illness onset date is unavailable, the earliest of specimen collection date, date of death, or date reported is used instead.

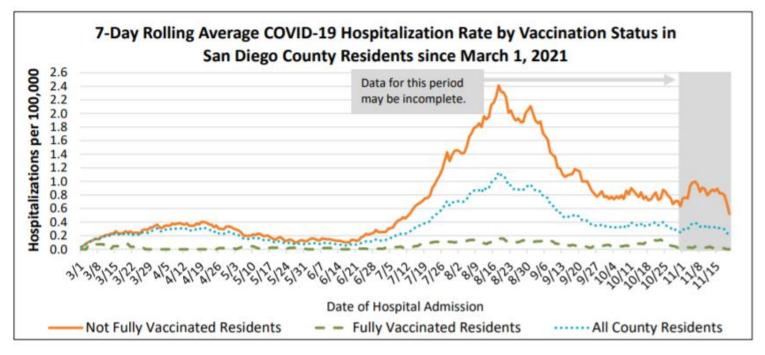
COVID-19 HOSPITALIZATION RATE BY VACCINATION STATUS



County Overall

0.28

Average Daily Hospitalizations per 100,000 Hospitalization rate for (7-day average with 21-day lag: 10/24/2021 - 10/30/2021) not fully vaccinated Not Fully Vaccinated* Fully Vaccinated** residents is 36 times higher than fully 0.02 0.71 vaccinated



^{*}Not fully vaccinated includes individuals with one dose of the two-dose series, no doses, or unknown vaccination status. Individuals less than 12 years of age who are not yet eligible for the vaccine are also included.**Cases who first tested positive (based on specimen collection date) greater than or equal to 14 days after receiving the final dose of COVID-19 vaccine. For more information see the COVID-19 Watch and the Summary of Cases by Vaccination Status. Prepared by the County of San Diego. Data through 11/20/2021, updated 11/24/2021.

EARLY THERAPY FOR COVID-19 AVAILABLE AT NO COST





Who can benefit from monoclonal antibodies? **Treatment** Prevention People who have a positive test for • People who have been in close COVID-19 and have mild to moderate contact with someone with a positive symptoms, AND test for COVID-19 **OR** at high risk of Have had COVID-19 symptoms for less exposure, AND than 10 days, **AND** • Are not fully vaccinated **OR** not Are at high-risk of getting very sick from expected to mount an immune COVID-19 response • Examples include: 65 years of age or older, obese, pregnant, diabetes, heart disease, and high blood pressure



AND must be at least 12 years old

Clinical studies show ≥ 70 % prevention of hospitalization and death with monoclonal antibody treatment, and ≥ 70 % prevention of transmission with monoclonal antibody prevention.

MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY REGIONAL CENTER (MARC)



WAYS TO ACCESS MONOCLONAL ANTIBODIES

- Call (619) 685-2500 with questions or to make an appointment
- For additional information visit: www.sandiegocounty.gov/COVIDHealthProfessionals
- Email us at: <u>CovidTreatment@sdcounty.ca.gov</u>
- If a skilled nursing facility is interested in monoclonal antibody treatment, contact the Mobile Monoclonal Antibody Administration Team at mcsdnursingmabinfusion.hhsa@sdcounty.ca.gov

In addition to monoclonal antibody treatment, the **Clairemont Friendship Center** can provide monoclonal antibodies for **post-exposure prophylaxis**. If you have been in close contact with someone who has COVID-19, call the Clairemont MARC site to see if you qualify to receive monoclonal antibodies.

LOCATIONS

MARC at Vista Community Clinic

Vista

MARC at
Clairemont Friendship
Center
OPEN SATURDAYS
Clairemont

Family Health Centers of San Diego

Hillcrest & Chula Vista

INTERACTIVE VENTILATION TOOL



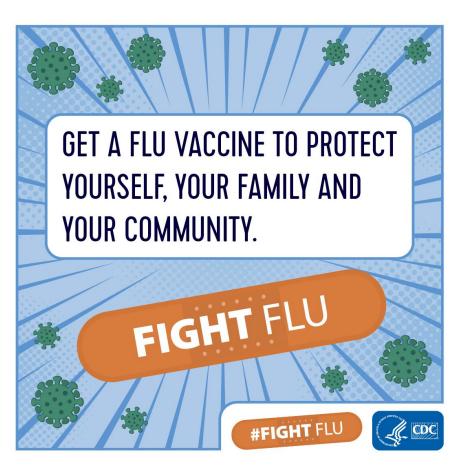
HVAC Operation	Filter (Skip if no HVAC system)
Off/Not applicable	Premium
Portable HEPA Air Cleaner	Open Window
No v	No
particle reduction achieved in your home by using ventilation. The risk of getting COVID-19 varies according to individual susceptibility and the number of virus particles to which a person is exposed. The <i>fewer</i> virus particles in the air, the better. You can decrease particles even more by continuing to ventilate for an extra hour after the visitor leaves.	POOR VENTILATION VENTILATION

The CDC has a new <u>Interactive</u>

<u>Ventilation Tool</u> that shows how particle levels change with different ventilation options. If guests visit your home, improving ventilation can help prevent you from getting and spreading COVID-19.

INCREASING FLU ACTIVITY, ESPECIALLY AMONG YOUNG ADULTS





View the <u>Influenza Watch</u> to learn more about influenza in San Diego County

- Flu activity is still low this season, but recently there has been an increase in cases.
 - This represents the first significant flu activity of the 2021-2022 season.
- Most new cases have been found in young adults and children.
 - The CDC has also received reports of flu outbreaks among young adults, possibly in college and university settings.
- The flu shot is recommended for everyone ages 6 months and older. Visit the County website for a list of Flu Vaccine Locations.



REOPENING UPDATES

GARY JOHNSTON

CHIEF RESILIENCE OFFICER

COUNTY COVID-19 RESPONSE INCIDENT COMMANDER

COVID-19 REOPENING LEAD



SCHOOL-BASED EXTRACURRICULAR ACTIVITIES



CDPH UPDATE TO INDOOR ATHLETICS GUIDANCE

- Activities may be performed outdoors without masks.
- Masks are required INDOORS at all times for:
 - Teachers, referees, officials, coaches, and other support staff
 - All spectators and observers.
 - Participants who are not actively practicing, conditioning, competing, or performing.
 - This includes while participants are on the sidelines, in team meetings, and within locker rooms and weight rooms

- When actively practicing, conditioning, or competing in indoor sports, masks are required by participants even during heavy exertion, as practicable.
- If masks are not worn due to heavy exertion, it is strongly recommended that individuals undergo screening testing at least once weekly. An FDA-approved antigen test, PCR test, or pooled PCR test is acceptable for evaluation of an individual's COVID-19 status.











Mental Health, Well-Being & Family Holidays

December, 2021









SUPPORT

People with mental illnesses and their families by helping them find coping mechanisms for their dialy struggle with brain disorders.

EDUCATE

People who have mental illness, their families, and the general public about mental illness with the goal of dispelling ignorance and stigma.

ADVOCATE

For more research and an improved system of mental health services across the nation.

UNDERSTANDING MENTAL ILLNESS

A mental illness is a condition that affects a person's thinking, feeling, or mood; and may affect someone's ability to relate to others and function each day.

Each person will have different experiences, even people with the same diagnosis.



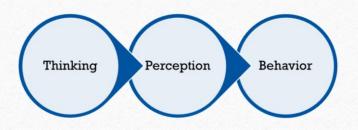






Living with a Mental Health Condition

- Biological, Medical Condition
- Anyone Can Develop
- Are Common & Treatable
- 297 Diagnosis in the DSM V
- Average Delay Between Onset & Help









Tools for Mental Health



Family-to-Family

Friends Resource

Helpline 1-800-523-5933





PEER WARM LINE 1-619-295-1055



Family Support Group







SIBLINGS

Family Support Group





PEP **Parents Empowering Parents**



Peer-to-Peer









Recovery is Possible

Re·cov·er·y noun

- 1. The act or process of becoming healthy after illness or injury.
- 2. Restoration to a former or better condition.











- 1. We will see the individual first, not the illness.
- 2. We recognize that mental illnesses are medical illnesses that may have environmental triggers.
- We understand that mental illnesses are traumatic events.
- 4. We aim for better coping skills.









- 5. We find strength in sharing experiences.
- We reject stigma and do not tolerate discrimination.
- 7. We won't judge anyone's pain as less than our own.
- 8. We forgive ourselves and reject guilt.











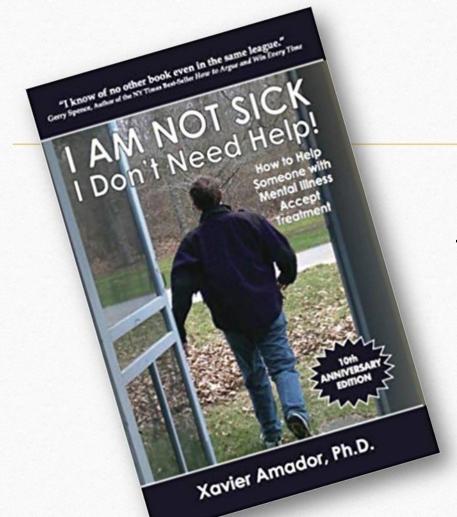
- 9. We embrace humor as healthy.
- 10. We accept we cannot solve all problems.
- 11. We expect a better future in a realistic way.
- 12. We will never give up hope.











LEAP

Shows you how to quickly gain the trust of someone you are at odds with.

Dr. Xavier Amador























RESOURCES

- NAMI San Diego Friends Resource Helpline 1-800-523-5933
- WARMLINE 1-800-930-9276 /3/30-11:00pm A peer, willing to talk, ready to listen

www.NAMISanDiego.org



RESOURCES

PERT Psychiatric Emergency Response Team www.comresearch.org > pert

9-1-1

HENRY AMADOR CENTER / I'm Not Sick, I Don't Need Help Dr. Xavier Amador https://lfrp.org/home

3 Access & Crisis Line 1-888/724-7240

2-1-1



THANK YOU!



CLOSING













COVID-19 FAITH-BASED ORGANIZATION SECTOR



STAY CONNECTED!

- For additional questions and resources, please email: <u>Covid-CBO-Faith@sdcounty.ca.gov</u>
- Faith-Based Organizations Website
- Sign up for email updates
- View the full list of COVID-19 Faith-Based FAQs

